ASSP Pensacola Chapter Newsletter

MARCH 2024

CHAPTER OFFICERS

President: Al Bressler

Vice President: Maralee Sartain

Secretary: Chris Chaffin

Treasurer: Marlena Fox

Advisory Board Rep: Maralee Sartain

WebMaster: Matt Parker

Remember the 4 D's: Didn't **Document** Didn't Do



VOLUME 2024 NUMBER 1

SLATE OF OFFICERS FOR 2024-25

Greetings to all ASSP Pensacola Chapter Members. The Nominations Committee submitted the following names for the Slate of Officers for the 2024-25 Chapter year earlier this month: The Election of Officers by voice vote will be held during the April Chapter Meeting as long as there is a quorum of members present in accordance with our Chapter Bylaws. If we do not have a quorum present, then I will send out a ballot to all members in accordance with the Chapter Bylaws.

President:	Maralee Sartain
Vice President:	Albert Bressler
Secretary:	Christopher Chaffin
Treasurer:	Marlena Fox
Advisory Group Representative:	Maralee Sartain

As of December 6, 2023, any respirator marked with a NIOSH approval label with approval number: TC-84A-9307 Is NO LONGER NIOSH APPROVED

On average, over 400 workers are killed every month in the United States due to traumatic injuries suffered at work. How workers died last month:

- Crushed under a loading ramp
- Murdered at group home
- Killed in tree trimming incidents
- Shootings
- FallingsVehicle
- incidents
- Fatal burns in a chemical plant

• Crushed under a collapsed roof

April Chapter Meeting:

Topic:	Hurricane Preparedness
Speaker:	Carrie Stevenson
Location:	Escambia County Extension Services
	Windstorm Mitigation Training Center
	3740 Stefani Rd, Pensacola
Date:	April 11, 2024
Time:	Noon until 1 PM
(social time:	11:30 -Noon & 1 – 1:30 PM)



Injury and Illness Tracking Changes

New

requirements

for submitting

workplace

injury and

illness

information to

OSHA WENT

into effect ON

Jan. 1, 2024.

Test Question:

Which of the following is an advantage of loose-fitting powered airpurifying respirators (PAPR'S):

- A. Employees should be clean shaven
- B. Employees don't need to be fit tested
- C. employees breathe against extra resistance
- D. they have an assigned protection factor (apf) of 1,000



Top 10 Violations: FY 2022:

Most frequently cited OSHA standards during FY 2022 Construction inspections:

- 1. Fall Protection – General Requirements (1926.501)
- Ladders (1926.1053) 2.
- Scaffolding (1926.451) 3.
- Fall Protection Training 4. (1926.503)
- Eye and Face Protection 5. (1926.102)
- 6. Head Protection (1926.100)
- 7. General Safety and Health Provisions (1926.20)
- 8. Aerial Lifts (1926.453)
- 9. Specific Excavation Requirements (1926.651)
- **10.** Fall Protection Systems Criteria and Practices (1926.502)

Top 10 Violations: FY 2022: Most frequently cited OSHA standards during FY 2022 inspections:

- 1. Fall Protection General Requirements (1926.501) 6. Lockout/Tagout (1910.147)
- 2. Hazard Communication (1910.1200)
- 3. Ladders (1926.1053)
- 4. Respiratory Protection (1910.134)
- 5. Scaffolding (1926.451)

- 7. Powered Industrial Trucks (1910.178)
- 8. Fall Protection Training Requirements (1926.503)
- 9. Eye and Face Protection (1926.102)
- 10. Machine Guarding (1910.212)



AMERICAN SOCIETY OF SAFETY PROFESSIONALS Correct solution is: B. Loose fitting PAPR's have an assigned protection factor of 25 (while tight fitting PAPR's have an APF of 1,000).

Loose fitting PAPR's do NOT require users to breathe against extra resistance, do NOT require fit testing, do NOT require users to be clean shaven, and (in hot environments) provide an air stream that can help cool the user.